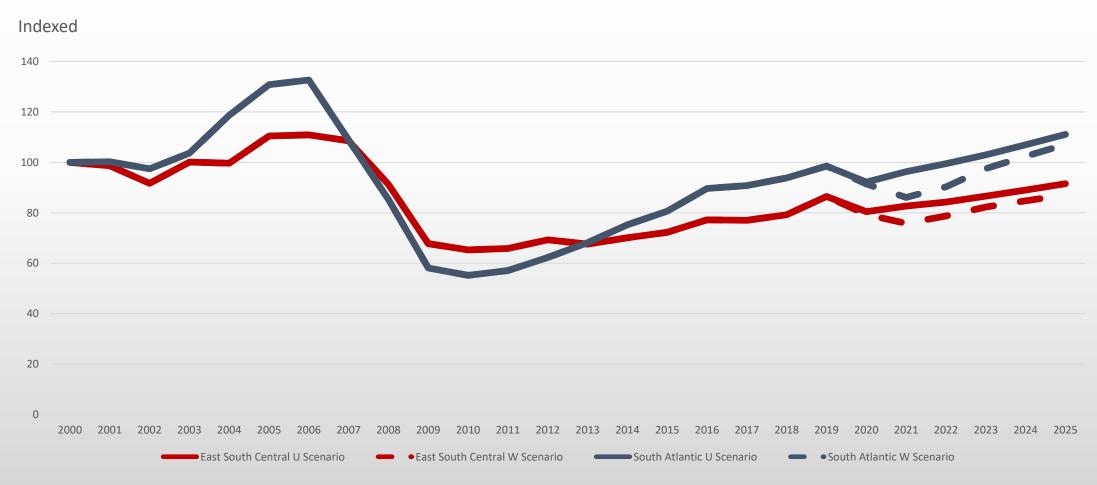




Covid 19's impact to Cement Consumption



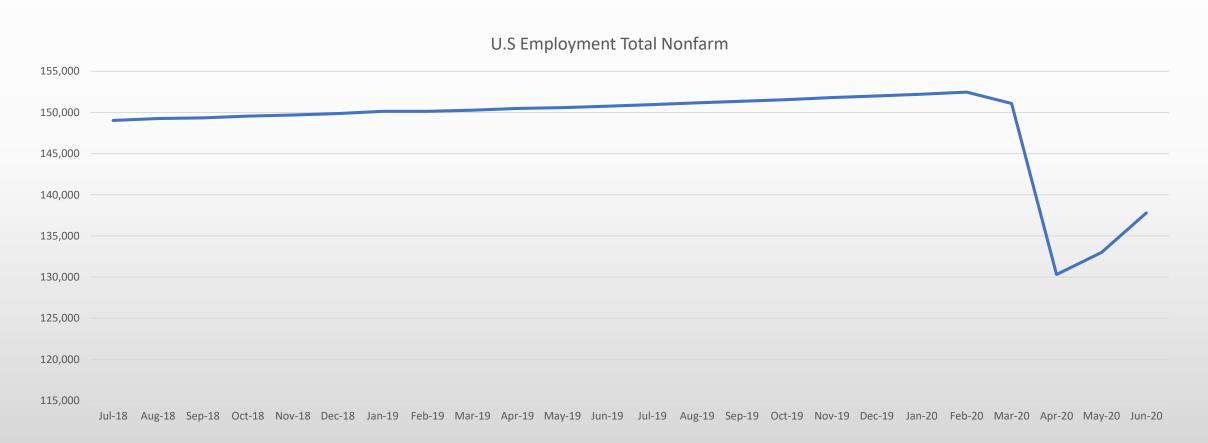




Job Market



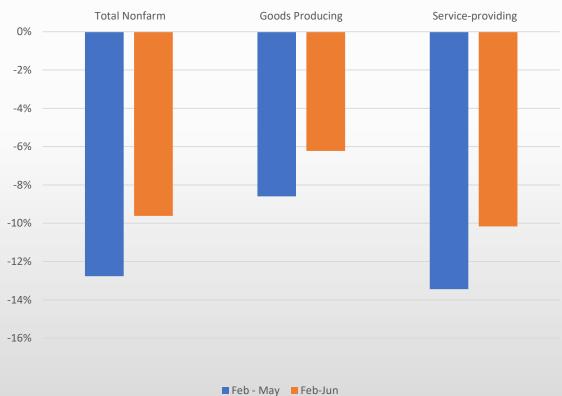
Job creation strong until covid hits



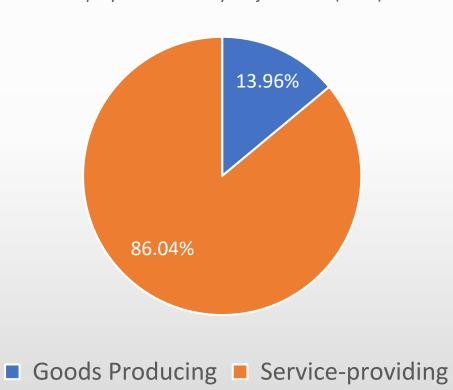


Jobs have started to rebound



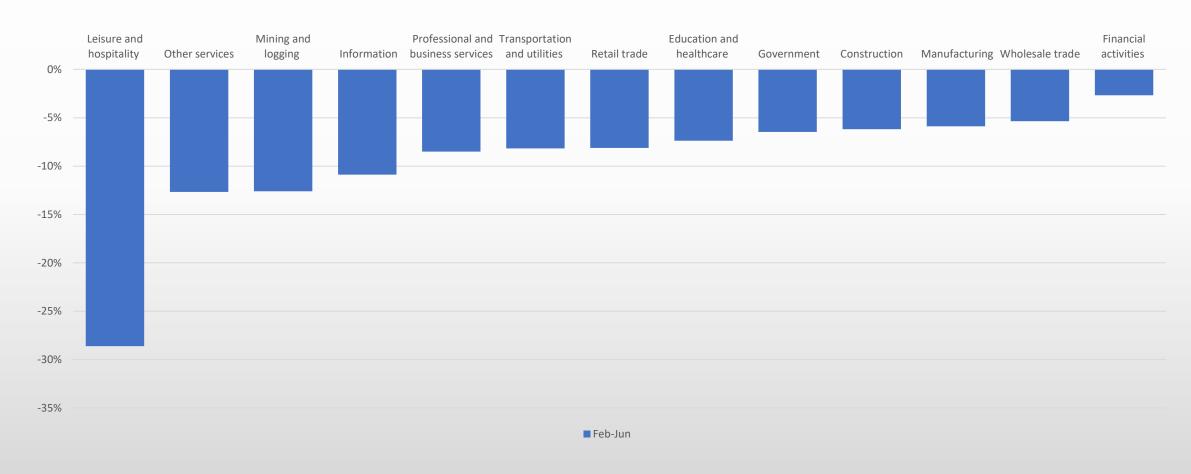


Employment Share by Major Sector (2019)



■ Feb - May ■ Feb-Jun

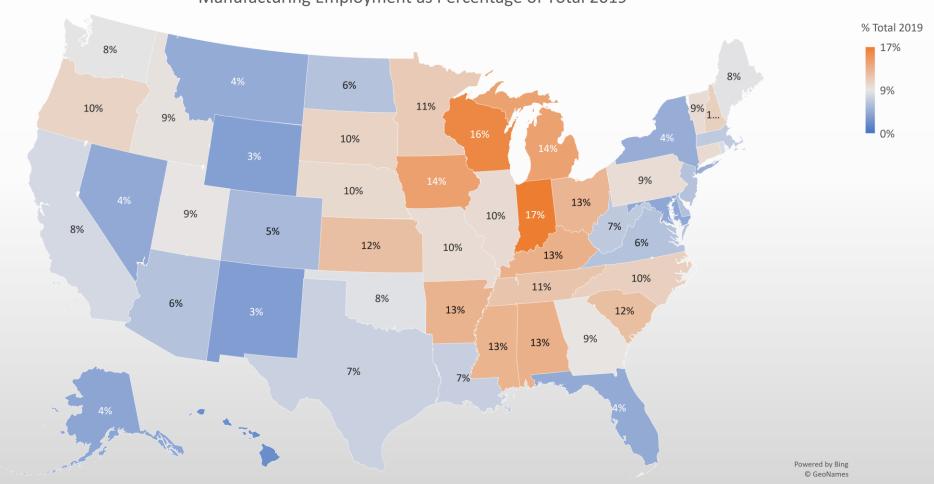
Hospitality sector is hit the hardest





Manufacturing sector is the stabilizing force

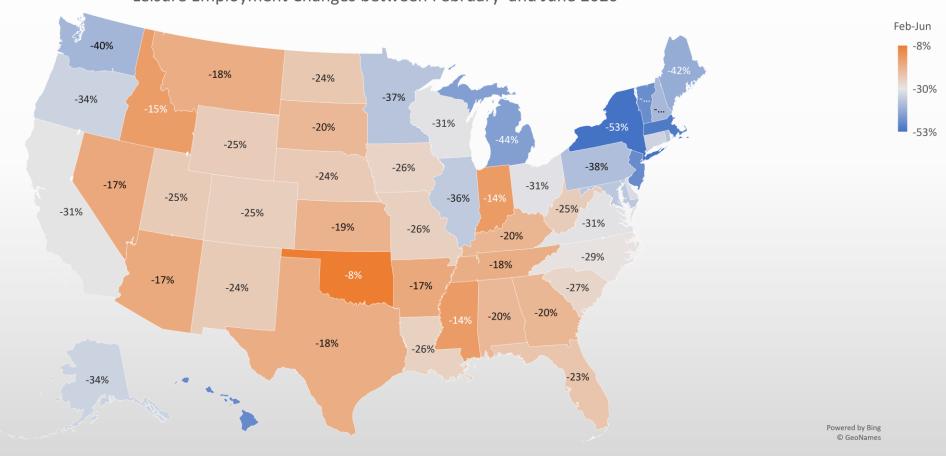






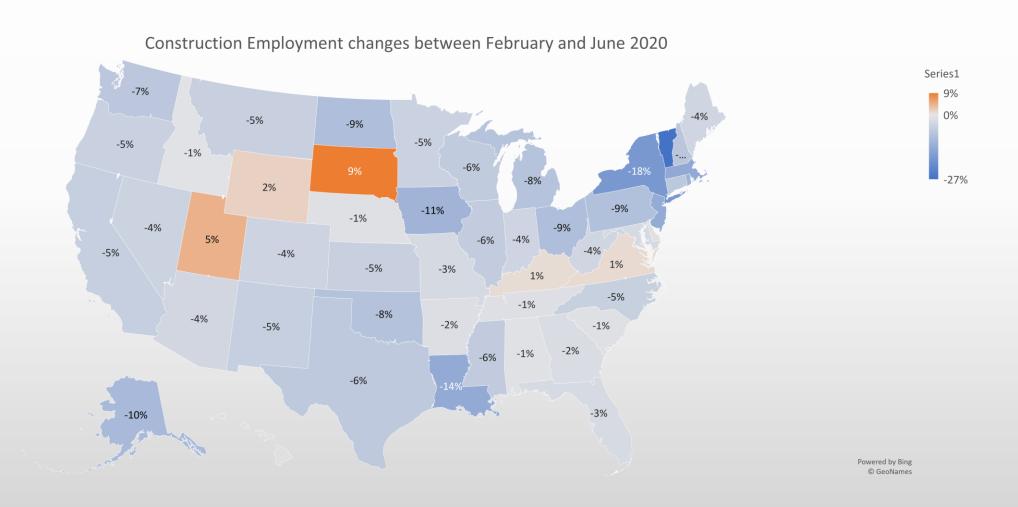
No state is spared from hospitality job losses







Construction employment bounced back faster than any other sectors

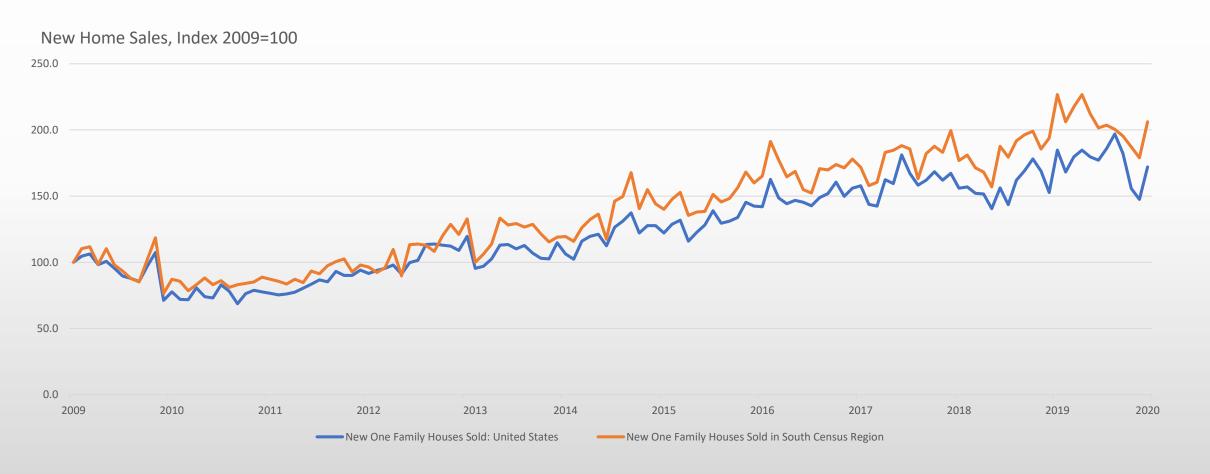




Residential Outlook

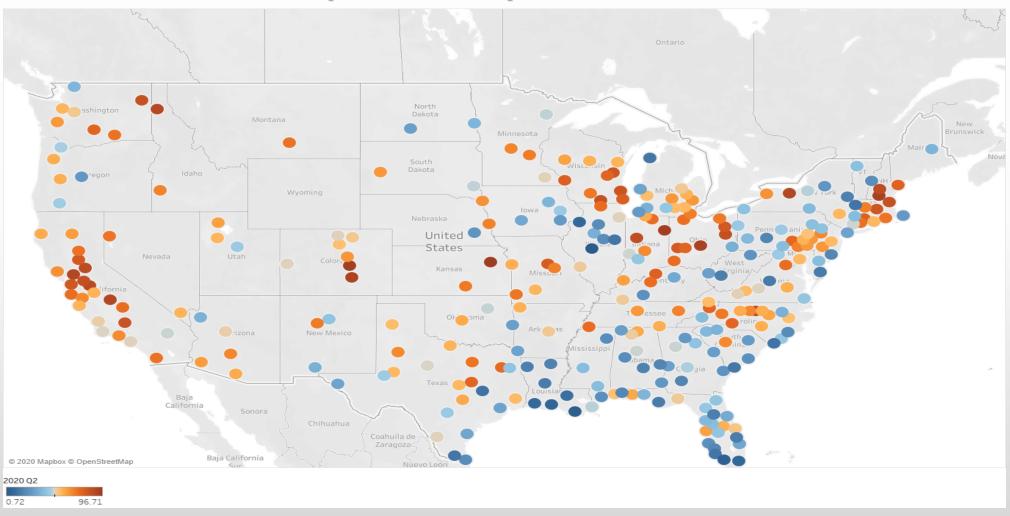


Pent-up demand lifts new home sales



Source: Census

Desire for homeownership remains upbeat



Source: Realtor.com



Expect larger homes to dominate new constructions

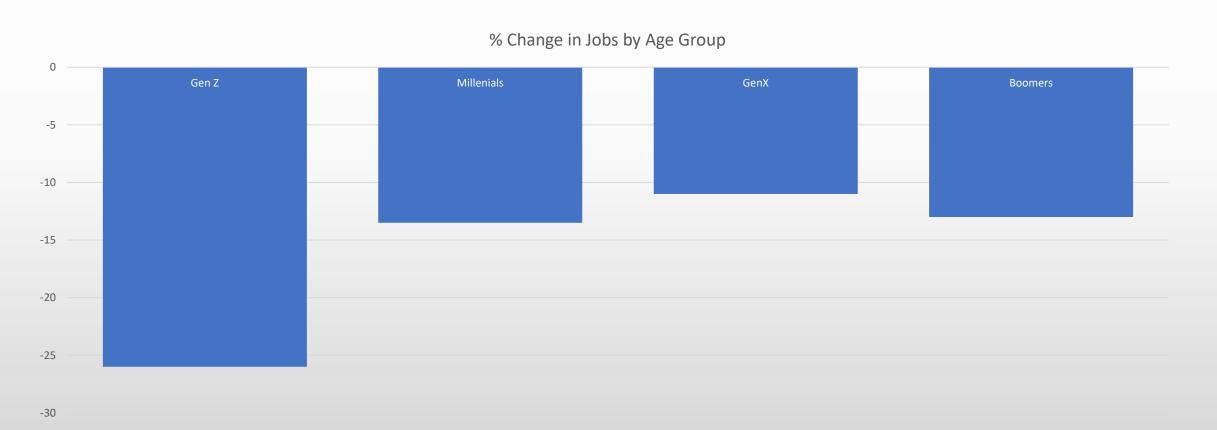




Source: Census



Multi-Family construction impacted by job losses in key demographic groups



Source: BLS

South east region will lead the recovery

Index, 2000=100

Residential Cement Consumption, Index 2000=100



Source: USGS, PCA 15

East South Central South Atlantic National

Resurgence of Covid19 may delay full recovery



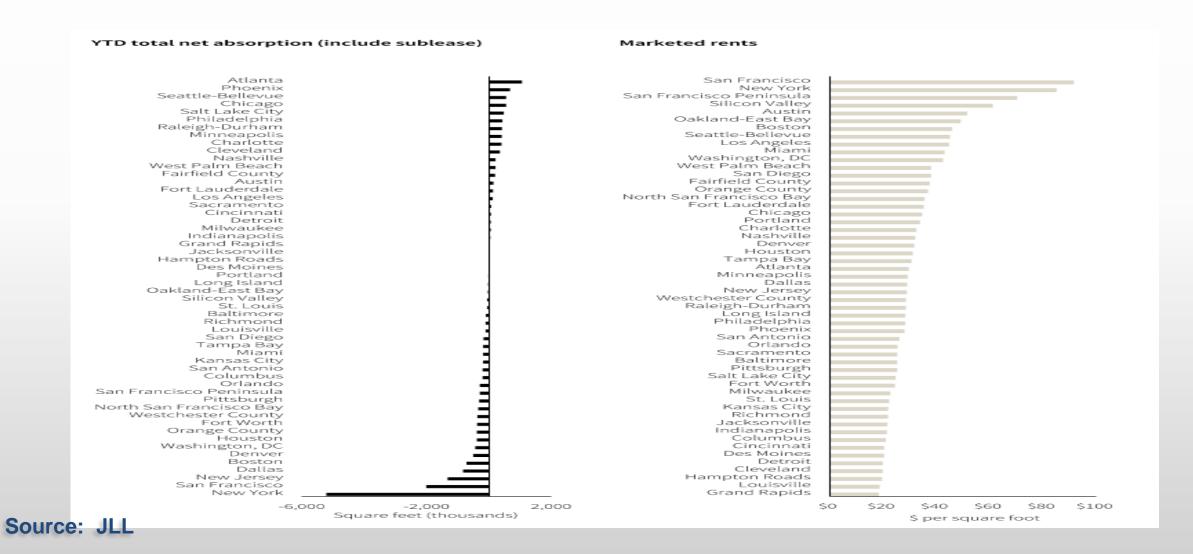


Source: USGS, PCA 16

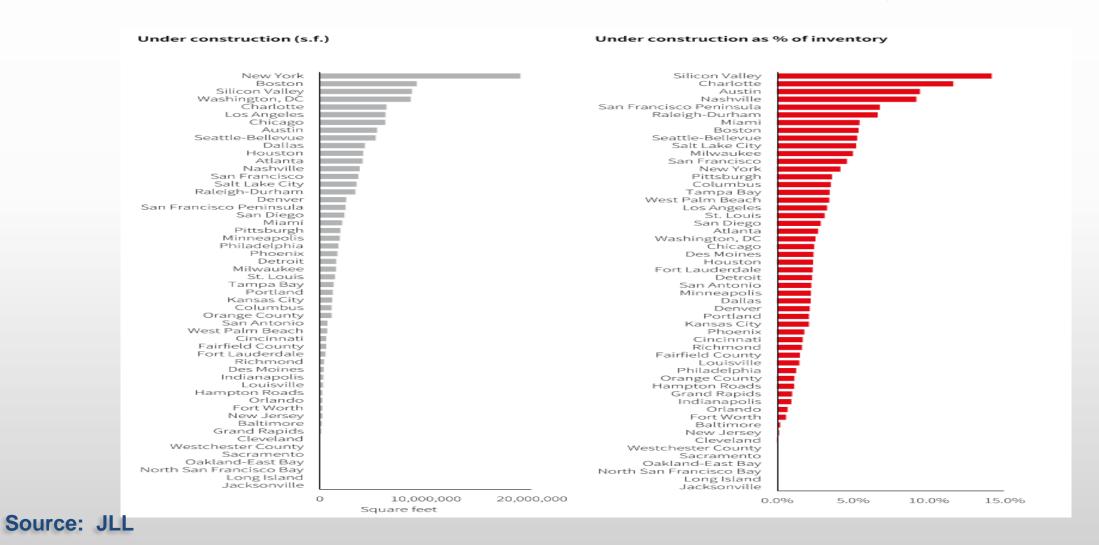


Nonresidential Outlook

Despite lock down, office space continued to be leased

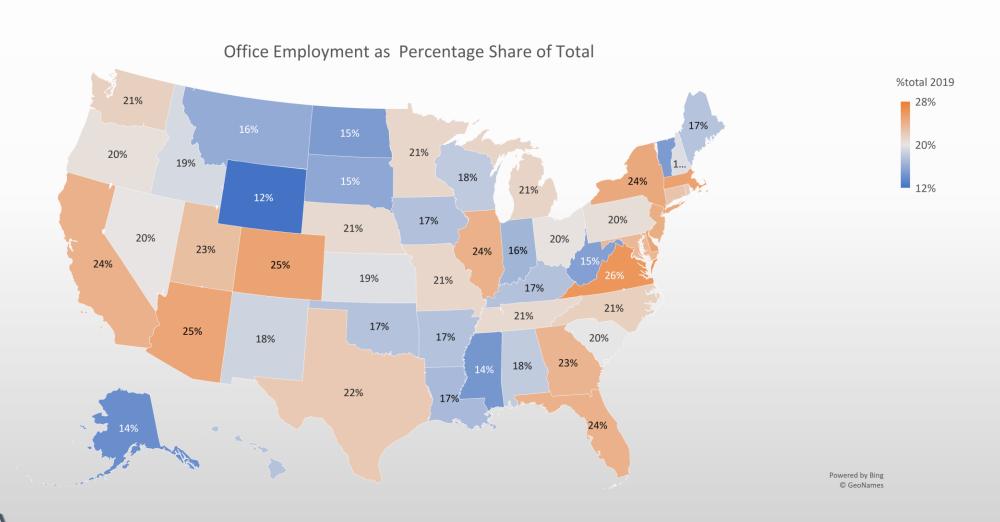


More office space under construction means supply glut ahead

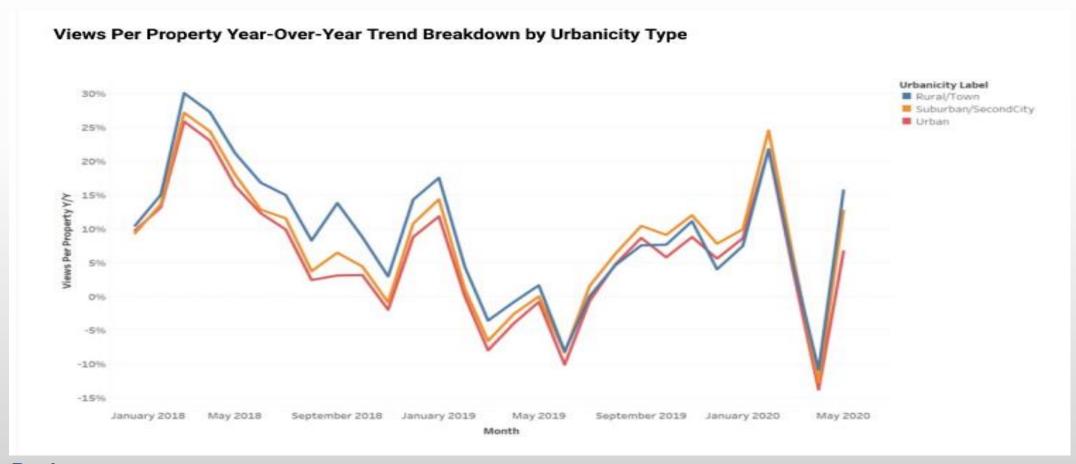




Working from home will curtail urban retail construction



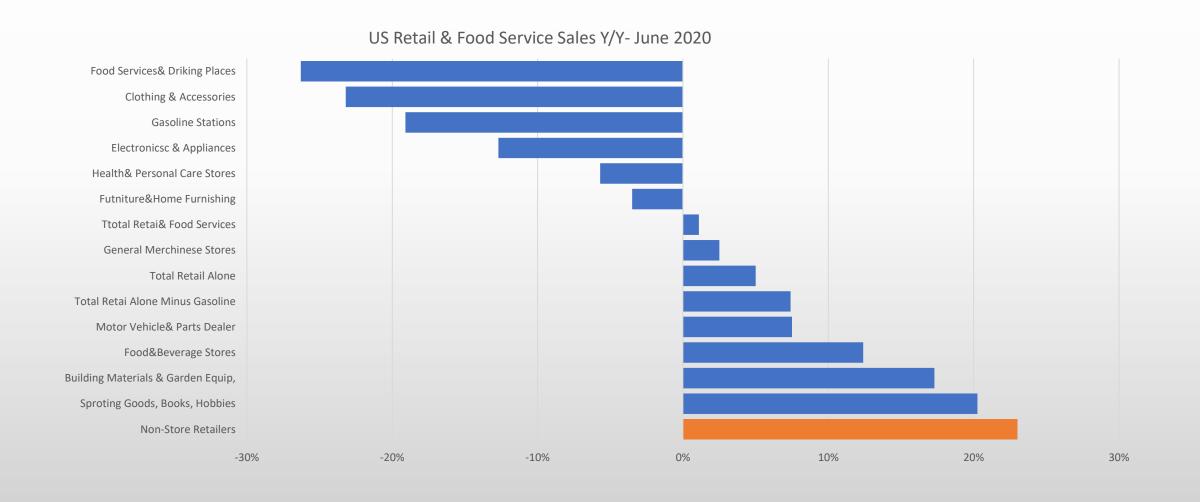
Retail investments will move with housing to the suburbs,



Source: Realtor.com

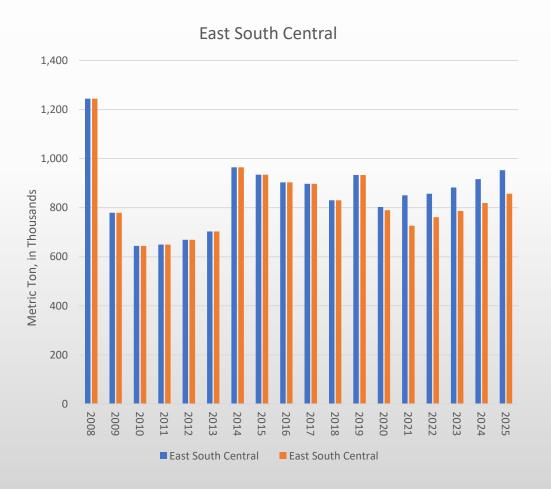


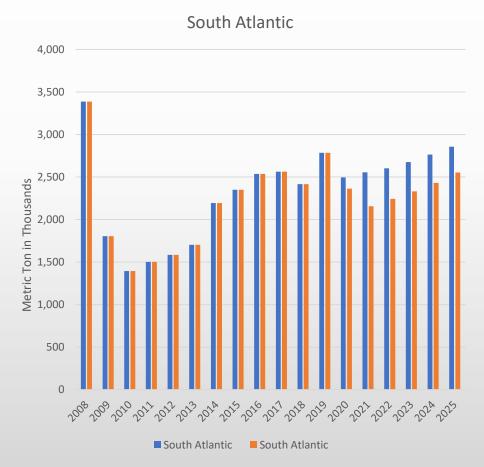
So as the warehouses





Expect headwinds in non-residential cement consumption





Source: USGS, PCA

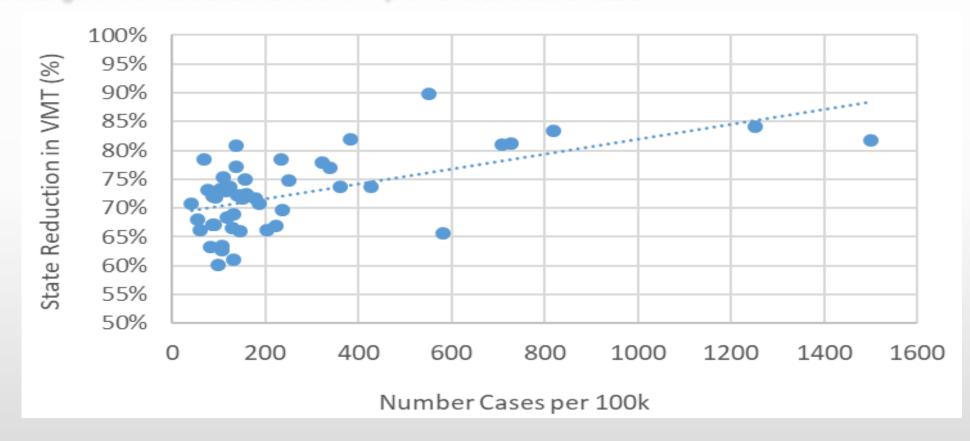


Public Outlook



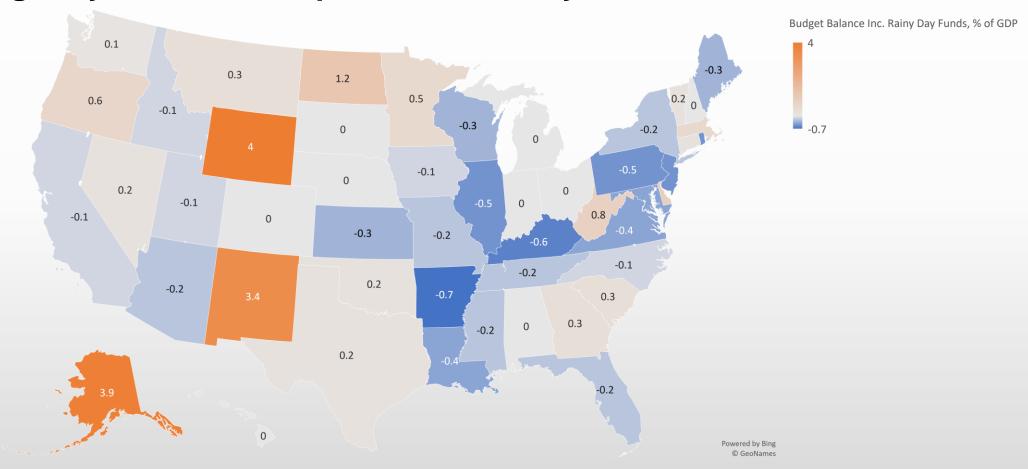
Reduction in Vehicle Miles Traveled Relative to COVID-19 Cases

Percent change in VMT the second week of April vs. first week of March





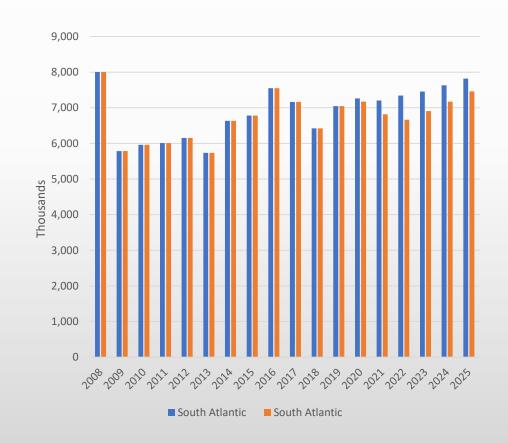
Budgetary deficit will impact full recovery

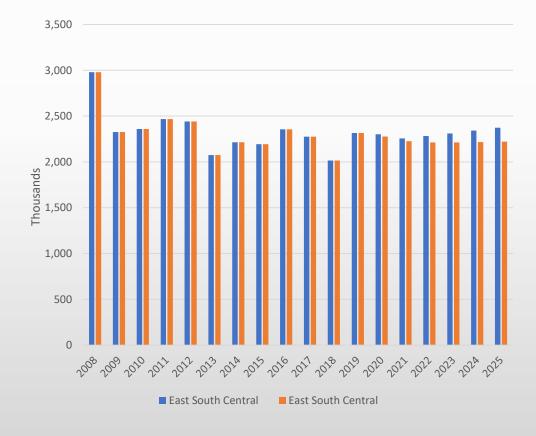


Note: Estimates are produced using projections based on enacted budgets for FY2020 and preliminary real GDP estimates for 2019. Budget balances are estimated by netting away the impact estimates from each states' total resources, and subtracting the projected expenditures and other adjustments. 24 states are at risk of seeing their budget balance move into a deficit due to impact of the pandemic. Due to rounding, Ohio's budget balance including rainy-day funds as a percentage of GDP does not show up as negative. *Due to data limitations, estimates for Georgia use the rainy-day fund balance from FY2018. **Due to data limitations, estimates are based on preliminary FY2019 data for Michigan, North Carolina, Oklahoma and Wisconsin..

Source: TD Bank

Public sector cement consumption depends on when people start traveling again







Summary

- The risk of the second Covid wave is real as the number of covid 19 cases increases
- Second wave means delay in full recovery by one year
- Employment in our region have outperformed the rest of the country
- New single family home sales has picked up but weaknesses are seen on the multi side
- Supply glut of offices will weight on future investment in office spaces and impact cement consumption
- Retail constructions will follow people's movement to the suburbs, so as warehouses
- State and local governments need help to fund on-going construction projects as most of them may run deficit next year

